

Violence among nursing and midwifery students during their clinical training using a survey study.National University: A Cross Sectional Study

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Abstract

Introduction: Violence in the workplace is part of the dangers of the workplace. When nursing and midwifery students encounter a violent environment, it can affect their performance in practice, as well as their intention to become a nurse.

Background: Clinical practice is an important part of the educational curriculum of nursing and midwifery students. Effective and dynamic interactions among the students, health care providers, instructors, and the clinical environment and its elements affect their professional development.

The aim of this study is to determine the rate of violence during clinical training among nursing and midwifery students.

Methods: In this descriptive study, (320) nursing and midwifery students has been taken from al Najah University. Data was collected by electronic questionnaire and analyzed with SPSS.1

Results: Finding showed that (4.1%) physical assault, (10%) face the threat, (5%) sexual harassment, (29%) insulting word of the students experienced, most cases of the physical assault (69%) were done by patient's companions, most face threat (38%) were done by patient's companions and (26%) nursing colleague, most sexual harassment (30%) were done by nursing colleague, most insulting word (31%) were done by patient's companions. There is significant relation was found between years of knowledge and occurrence of violence, also between female student and sexual harassment. When assault occur (59,7%) from students will talk to their clinical supervisor, main reasons that cause the violence (39%) is dissatisfaction of the patient and his relatives with other services, (56%) of students says the violence occur in governmental hospital , the top main reasons the cause abuse from view point student is (23%) are work pressure and (21%) being student .

Conclusions: Nursing students are subject to more violence because of young age and inadequate experience. Therefore, devising educational programs regarding occupation violence as well as its prevention and providing necessary support and consultation following violence are essential.

