أسدام
على أراضي قرية صطاف المهجرة

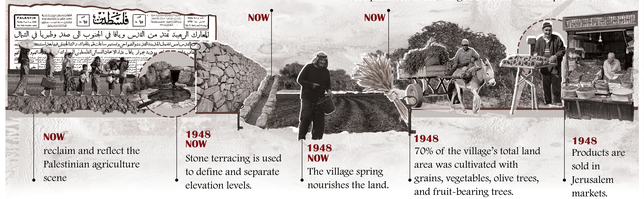
فاطمة ضميري

A Palestinian village that was displaced during the 1948 war, located 10 km from Jerusalem.
The village's land area is 3,775 dunams, and its built-up area is 22 dunams.

CONCEPT

The journey begins with displacement, gradually unfolding into openness — echoing the narrow, winding alleys of Jerusalem's old markets.

by reintroducing traditional Palestinian farming methods that were practiced in the village before the 1948 displacement.



NOW
reclaim and reflect the Palestinian agriculture scene

1948
NOW
Stone terracing is used to define and separate elevation levels.

1948
NOW
The village spring nourishes the land.

1948
70% of the village's total land area was cultivated with grains, vegetables, olive trees, and fruit-bearing trees.

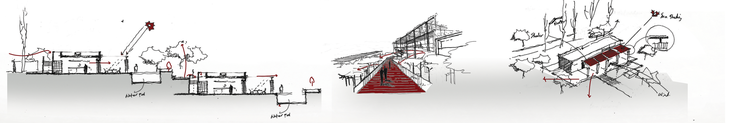
1948
Products are sold in Jerusalem markets.

بيت الثياب

Whoever enters this house walks in the footsteps of absence.

العتبة

symbol of transition: where the visitor steps from a forgotten village into one that breathes anew.



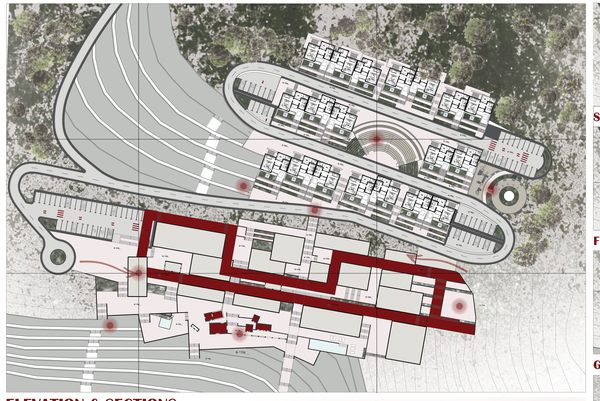
CONTOUR LINES WITH THE BUILDING
Contour lines are integrated with the building, and from the beginning to the end of the structure, individual agricultural terraces are used to separate the different elevation levels.

LONG LAND, NEED OF CONNECTION AXIS
A land like this certainly needs a main movement path that facilitates access to all facilities and services.

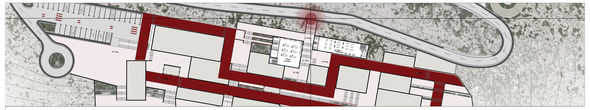
DIFFERENT POINTS, DIFFERENT EXPERIENCE
At each point, visitors catch a different experience with a unique and diverse range of activities, with areas for relaxation, entertainment, and overnight stays.

PLANS scale 1:300

MASTER PLAN

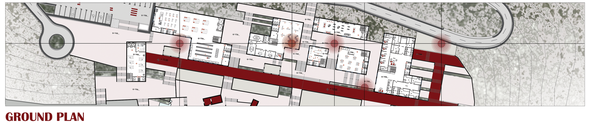


THIRD PLAN

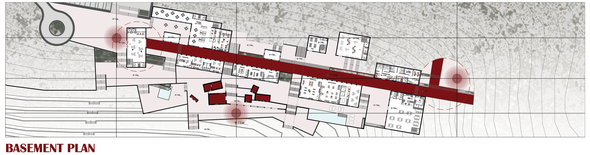


SECOND PLAN

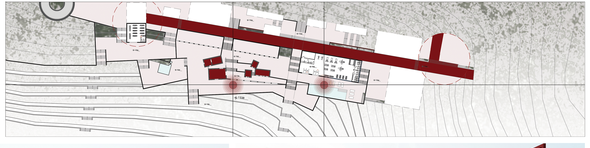
FIRST PLAN



GROUND PLAN



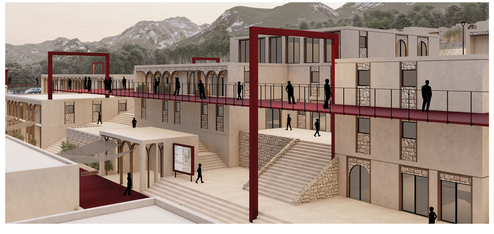
BASEMENT PLAN



ELEVATION & SECTIONS

scale 1:300

The site's topography rises to 37 meters, supporting terraced farming and from two sides.

ساحة الدار

The blocks are connected through a series of staircases, creating a vertical axial movement that guides the visitor to the end of the path.